

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
EASTERN DISTRICT OF TENNESSEE  
AT KNOXVILLE

RONALD L. LAYMANCE

Plaintiff,

v.

No.: 3:06-cv-252  
(VARLAN/SHIRLEY)

SHERIFF BOBBY GIBSON  
and DR. ALLEN THOUMAS,

Defendants.

**MEMORANDUM AND ORDER**

The court is in receipt of a *pro se* prisoner's civil rights complaint under 42 U.S.C. § 1983 and an application to proceed *in forma pauperis*. It appears from the application that the plaintiff lacks sufficient financial resources to pay the \$350.00 filing fee. Accordingly, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(b)(4), the Clerk is **DIRECTED** to file this action without the prepayment of costs or fees or security therefor as of the date the complaint was received. For the following reasons, the complaint is **DISMISSED WITHOUT PREJUDICE**.

Before a prisoner may bring a civil rights action pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983, he must first allege and show that he has exhausted all available administrative remedies. 42 U.S.C. § 1997e; *Hartsfield v. Vidor*, 199 F.3d 305, 308-309 (6th Cir. 1999); *Freeman v. Francis*, 196 F.3d 641 (6th Cir. 1999); *Brown v. Toombs*, 139 F.3d 1102 (6th Cir. 1998). *See also Curry v. Scott*, 249 F.3d 493, 501 n.2 (6th Cir. 2001) ("We note, however, that, while

it is true we have concluded § 1997e does not impose a jurisdictional bar to federal jurisdiction, we have also concluded that the obligation to exhaust administrative remedies before resort to federal court is a mandatory one.") (citations omitted).

In order to demonstrate that he has exhausted his administrative remedies, "a prisoner must plead his claims with specificity and show that they have been exhausted by attaching a copy of the applicable administrative dispositions to the complaint or, in the absence of written documentation, describe with specificity the administrative proceeding and its outcome." *Knuckles El v. Toombs*, 215 F.3d 640, 642 (6th Cir.), *cert. denied*, 531 U.S. 1040 (2000). A prisoner cannot simply state in his complaint that his claims have been exhausted. *Id.* "In the absence of particularized averments concerning exhaustion showing the nature of the administrative proceeding and its outcome, the action must be dismissed under § 1997e." *Id.*

Plaintiff is an inmate in the Morgan County Jail. The defendants are Morgan County Sheriff Bobby Gibson and the jail physician, Dr. Allen Thoumas. Plaintiff's complaint concerns an alleged failure by jail staff to timely intervene in a fight between plaintiff and a cell mate, and an alleged failure by Dr. Thoumas to provide plaintiff with adequate medical treatment.

Plaintiff claims he filled out a grievance and an officer request, but no one ever talked to him about it. Plaintiff has failed, however, to provide a copy of the grievance he claims to have filed nor has he described with specificity the grievance, particularly with reference

to each alleged civil rights violation. Under the circumstances, plaintiff has not shown that he has exhausted all available remedies. Accordingly, his complaint shall be **DISMISSED WITHOUT PREJUDICE** pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1997e. The court **CERTIFIES** that any appeal from this action would not be taken in good faith and would be totally frivolous. *See* Rule 24 of the Federal Rules of Appellate Procedure.

Because the plaintiff is an inmate in the Morgan County Jail, he is herewith assessed the civil filing fee of \$350.00. Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(b)(1)(A) and (B), the custodian of the plaintiff's inmate trust account at the institution where he now resides is directed to submit to the Clerk, U.S. District Court, 800 Market Street, Suite 130, Knoxville, Tennessee 37902, as an initial partial payment, whichever is greater of:

(a) twenty percent (20%) of the average monthly deposits to the plaintiff's inmate trust account; *or*

(b) twenty percent (20%) of the average monthly balance in the plaintiff's inmate trust account for the six-month period preceding the filing of the complaint.

Thereafter, the custodian shall submit twenty percent (20%) of the plaintiff's preceding monthly income (or income credited to the plaintiff's trust account for the preceding month), but only when such monthly income exceeds ten dollars (\$10.00), until the full filing fee of three hundred fifty dollars (\$350.00) as authorized under 28 U.S.C. § 1914(a) has been paid to the Clerk. 28 U.S.C. § 1915(b)(2).

The Clerk is **DIRECTED** to send a copy of this Order to the Sheriff of Morgan County, Tennessee, and the county attorney for Morgan County, Tennessee, to ensure that the custodian of the plaintiff's inmate trust account complies with that portion of the Prison Litigation Reform Act relating to payment of the filing fee. The Clerk is further **DIRECTED** to forward a copy of this Memorandum and Order to the court's financial deputy.

**E N T E R :**

s/ Thomas A. Varlan  
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE